CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

- 1. A cellulosic fiber composite comprising:
 - a cellulosic material: and

a resin binder comprising protein hydrolysates and a synthetic resin, wherein the synthetic resin is phenolic resin, isocyanate resin, or combinations thereof; and wherein the composite contains an effective amount of resin binder so as to bind together the cellulosic material.

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- 2. The composite as claimed in claim 1 wherein the amount of the resin binder is between about 2% and about 15% of the dry weight of the cellulosic material.
- 3. The composite as claimed in claim 1 wherein the amount of the resin binder is between about 4% and about 8% of the dry weight of the cellulosic material.
- 4. The composite as claimed in claim 1 wherein the amount of the resin binder is between about 4% and about 6% of the dry weight of the cellulosic material.
- 5. The composite as claimed in claim 1 wherein the amount of the resin binder is between about 4% and about 5% of the dry weight of the cellulosic material.
- 6. The composite as claimed in claim 1 wherein the average moisture content of the cellulosic material is between about 8% and about 35% by weight after application of the resin binder.
- 7. The composite as claimed in claim 1 wherein the protein is animal protein, vegetable protein, or combinations thereof.
- 30 8. The composite as claimed in claim 7 wherein the vegetable protein is soy protein.

- 9. The composite as claimed in claim 8 wherein the soy protein is soy isolate.
- 10. The composite as claimed in claim 8 wherein the soy protein is soy flour.
- 11. The composite as claimed in claim 8 wherein the soy protein is a blend of soy isolate and soy flour.
 - 12. The composite as claimed in claim 11 wherein the weight ratio of the blend of soy isolate to soy flour is about 50 : 50.
 - 13. The composite as claimed in claim 1 wherein the synthetic resin is phenolic resin.
 - 14. The composite as claimed in claim 13 wherein the phenolic resin is phenol formaldehyde.
 - 15. The composite as claimed in claim 13 wherein the resin binder has a weight ratio of protein hydrolysates to phenolic resin between about 10 : 90 and about 90 : 10.
 - 16. The composite as claimed in claim 13 wherein the resin binder has a weight ratio of protein hydrolysates to phenolic resin between about 10 : 90 and about 75 : 25.
- 17. The composite as claimed in claim 13 wherein the resin binder has a weight ratio of protein hydrolysates to phenolic resin between about 25 : 75 and about 75 : 25.
 - 18. The composite as claimed in claim 13 wherein the resin binder has a weight ratio of protein hydrolysate to phenolic resin between about 25 : 75 and about 50 : 50.

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- 19. The composite as claimed in claim 1 wherein the synthetic resin is isocyanate resin.
- 20. The composite as claimed in claim 19 wherein the isocyanate resin is polymeric isocyanate.
- 21. The composite as claimed in claim 19 wherein the resin binder has a weight ratio of protein hydrolysates to isocyanate resin between about 10:90 and about 90:10.
- 22. The composite as claimed in claim 19 wherein the resin binder has a weight ratio of protein hydrolysates to isocyanate resin between about 10 : 90 and about 75 : 25.
- 23. The composite as claimed in claim 19 wherein the resin binder has a weight ratio of protein hydrolysates to isocyanate resin between about 25 : 75 and about 75 : 25.
- 24. The composite as claimed in claim 19 wherein the resin binder has a weight ratio of protein hydrolysates to isocyanate resin between about 25 : 75 and about 50 : 50.
- 25. The composite as claimed in claim 1 wherein the synthetic resin is a combination of phenolic resin and isocyanate resin.
- 26. The composite as claimed in claim 25 wherein the weight ratio of the isocyanate resin to the total of the protein hydrolysates and the phenolic resin is between about 25 : 75 and about 75 : 25.
- The composite as claimed in claim 19 wherein the amount of isocyanate resin making up the composite is about 1% to about 6% based on the total weight of the

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cellulosic material.

- 28. The composite as claimed in claim 19 wherein the amount of isocyanate resin making up the composite is about 1% to about 3% based on the total weight of the cellulosic material.
- 29. The composite as claimed in claim 19 wherein the amount of isocyanate resin making up the composite is about 1% to about 2% based on the total weight of the cellulosic material.
- 30. The composite as claimed in claim 1 wherein the synthetic resin further comprises paraformaldehyde.
- 31. The composite as claimed in claim 30 wherein the weight ratio of the paraformaldehyde to the total of the protein hydrolysates and the synthetic resin is between about 2:48 and about 15:35 based on 50% resin solids.
- 32. The composite as claimed in claim 1 wherein the synthetic resin further comprises high methylol content phenol formaldehyde pre-polymer.
- 33. The composite as claimed in claim 32 wherein the molar ratio of formaldehyde to phenol to NaOH of the high methylol content phenol formaldehyde pre-polymer is about 2 : 1 : 0.5.
- 34. The composite as claimed in claim 32 wherein the weight ratio of the high methylol content phenol formaldehyde pre-polymer to the total of the protein hydrolysates and the synthetic resin is between about 10 : 90 and about 90 : 10.
- 35. The composite as claimed in claim 32 wherein the weight ratio of the high methylol content phenol formaldehyde pre-polymer to the total of the protein hydrolysates and the synthetic resin is between about 25 : 75 and about 75 : 25.

- 36. The composite as claimed in claim 1 wherein the composite further comprises a silicone, silane, or combination thereof.
- 37. The composite as claimed in claim 36 wherein the silicone, silane, or combination thereof is applied as a coating to the composite.
- 38. The composite as claimed in claim 36 wherein the silicone, silane, or combination thereof is added to the resin binder.
- 39. The composite as claimed in claim 36 wherein the amount of silicone, silane, or combination thereof is between about 0.1% and about 1.0% based on the total amount of the cellulosic material.
- 40. A method for preparing a cellulosic fiber composite comprising:
 - a. mixing a protein hydrolysate with a synthetic resin, wherein the synthetic resin is phenolic resin, isocyanate resin, or combinations thereof, to produce a resin binder;
 - b. mixing the resin binder with a cellulosic material to form a cellulosic material/resin binder blend;
 - c. felting the cellulosic material/resin binder blend to form a low moisture-content mat; and
 - d. pressing the low moisture-content mat at an elevated temperature and pressure, producing the cellulosic fiber composite.
- 25 41. The method of claim 40 wherein the amount of the resin binder is between about 2% and about 15% of the dry weight of the cellulosic material.
 - 42. The method of claim 40 wherein the amount of the resin binder is between about 4% and about 8% of the dry weight of the cellulosic material.

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- 43. The method of claim 40 wherein the amount of the resin binder is between about 4% and about 6% of the dry weight of the cellulosic material.
- 44. The method of claim 40 wherein the amount of the resin binder is between about 4% and about 5% of the dry weight of the cellulosic material.
- 45. The method of claim 40 further comprising adjusting the moisture content of the cellulosic fiber composite to a predetermined amount.
- 10 46. The method of claim 40 wherein the average moisture content of the cellulosic material is between about 8% and about 35% by weight after application of the resin binder.
 - 47. The method of claim 40 wherein the protein hydrolysate is made by hydrolyzing a source of protein with sodium carbonate.
 - 48. The method of claim 40 wherein the protein is animal protein, vegetable protein, or combinations thereof.
 - 49. The method of claim 48 wherein the vegetable protein is soy protein.
 - 50. The method of claim 49 wherein the soy protein is soy isolate.
 - 51. The method of claim 49 wherein the soy protein is soy flour.
 - 52. The method of claim 49 wherein the soy protein is a blend of soy isolate and soy flour.
 - 53. The method of claim 52 wherein the weight ratio of the blend of the soy isolate to the soy flour is about 50 : 50.

- 54. The method of claim 40 wherein the synthetic resin is phenolic resin.
- 55. The method of claim 54 wherein the phenolic resin is phenol formaldehyde.
- 56. The method of claim 54 wherein the resin binder has a weight ratio of protein hydrolysate to phenolic resin between about 10 : 90 and about 90 : 10.
 - 57. The method of claim 54 wherein the resin binder has a weight ratio of protein hydrolysate to phenolic resin between about 10 : 90 and about 75 : 25.
 - 58. The method of claim 54 wherein the resin binder has a weight ratio of protein hydrolysate to phenolic resin between about 25 : 75 and about 75 : 25.
 - 59. The method of claim 54 wherein the resin binder has a weight ratio of protein hydrolysate to phenolic resin between about 25 : 75 and about 50 : 50.
 - 60. The method of claim 40 wherein the synthetic resin is isocyanate resin.
 - 61. The method of claim 60 wherein the isocyanate resin is polymeric isocyanate.
 - 62. The method of claim 60 wherein the resin binder has a weight ratio of protein hydrolysates to isocyanate resin between about 10 : 90 and about 90 : 10.
 - 63. The method of claim 60 wherein the resin binder has a weight ratio of protein hydrolysates to isocyanate resin between about 10 : 90 and about 75 : 25.
 - 64. The method of claim 60 wherein the resin binder has a weight ratio of protein hydrolysate to isocyanate resin between about 25 : 75 and about 75 : 25.
- 65. The method of claim 60 wherein the resin binder has a weight ratio of protein hydrolysates to isocyanate resin between about 25 : 75 and about 50 : 50.

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- 66. The method of claim 40 wherein the synthetic resin is a combination of phenolic resin and isocyanate resin.
- 67. The method of claim 66 wherein the weight ratio of the isocyanate resin to the total of the protein hydrolysates and the phenolic resin is between about 25:75 and about 75:25.
- 68. The method of claim 60 wherein the amount of isocyanate resin making up the composite is about 1% to about 6% based on the total weight of the cellulosic material.
- 69. The method of claim 60 wherein the amount of isocyanate resin making up the composite is about 1% to about 3% based on the total weight of the cellulosic material.
- 70. The method of claim 60 wherein the amount of isocyanate resin making up the composite is about 1% to about 2% based on the total weight of the cellulosic material.
- 71. The method of claim 40 wherein the synthetic resin further comprises paraformaldehyde.
- 72. The method of claim 71 wherein the weight ratio of the paraformaldehyde to the total of the protein hydrolysates and the synthetic resin is between about 2:48 and about 15:35 based on 50% resin solids.
- 73. The method of claim 40 wherein the synthetic resin further comprises high methylol content phenol formaldehyde pre-polymer.

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- 74. The method of claim 73 wherein the molar ratio of formaldehyde to phenol to NaOH of the high methylol content phenol formaldehyde pre-polymer is about 2 : 1 : 0.5.
- 75. The method of claim 73 wherein the weight ratio of the high methylol content phenol formaldehyde pre-polymer to the total of the protein hydrolysates and the synthetic resin is between about 10 : 90 and about 90 : 10.
- 76. The method of claim 73 wherein the weight ratio of the high methylol content phenol formaldehyde pre-polymer to the total of the protein hydrolysates and the synthetic resin is between about 25 : 75 and about 75 : 25.
- 77. The method of claim 40 wherein the resin binder further comprises a silicone, silane, or combination thereof.
- 78. The method of claim 40 that further comprises applying a coating to the composite, wherein the coating is a silicone, silane, or combination thereof.
- 79. The method of claim 77 wherein the amount of silicone, silane, or combination thereof is between about 0.1% and about 1.0% based on the total amount of the cellulosic material.
- 80. The method of claim 78 wherein the amount of silicone, silane, or combination thereof is between about 0.1% and about 1.0% based on the total amount of the cellulosic material.
- 81. A method for preparing a finished cellulosic fiber composite article comprising:
 - a. mixing a protein hydrolysate with a synthetic resin, wherein the synthetic resin is phenolic resin, isocyanate resin, or combinations thereof, to produce a resin binder;

- b. mixing the resin binder with a cellulosic material to form a cellulosic material/resin binder blend;
- c. felting the cellulosic material/resin binder blend to form a low moisture-content mat; and
- d. molding the low moisture-content mat at an elevated temperature and pressure, producing the finished cellulosic fiber composite article.
- 82. The method of claim 81 that further comprises applying a laminate overlay to the finished cellulosic fiber composite article.
- 83. A finished cellulosic fiber composite article prepared by the method comprising:
 - a. mixing a protein hydrolysate with a synthetic resin, wherein the synthetic resin is phenolic resin, isocyanate resin, or combinations thereof, to produce a resin binder;
 - b. mixing the resin binder with a cellulosic material to form a cellulosic material/resin binder blend;
 - c. felting the cellulosic material/resin binder blend to form a low moisture-content mat; and
 - d. molding the low moisture-content mat at an elevated temperature and pressure, producing the finished cellulosic fiber composite article.
- 84. The article as claimed in claim 83 that further comprises a laminate overlay.